The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1819. New Series, No. 146

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, at Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $4 per Annum.

Spanish Soal Leather
AND
BUFFALOE ROBES.

The subscribers have just received

5000

lbs best Span. Soal Leather

AND

20 Bales Buffaloe Robes,

Which they offer low for Cash.

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, August 31. tf

☞ On hand a few Kegs prime HOG'S LARD and half a ton of TALLOW

Bank of the United States,

AUGUST 24, 1819.

THE frequent demands made upon the Bank for the payment of its notes on the production of half notes, alledging the loss of the corresponding halves; and the liability to impositions and fraudulent practices to which it is exposed by paying such claims, from which it is advised it cannot be duly protected by any evidence which may accompany such claims or any security which may be given to indemnify it, render it necessary to refuse the payment of such demands. They grow out of the voluntary act of the party who separates the parts of the notes, and he alone ought to bear the inconveniences and losses consequent upon the act. But as the practice, however improper, has been a common one, and the Bank is unwilling, without apprizing the public of its intention, to withhold even a questionable claim upon it, these demands will be meet with as usual heretofore, until the 1st of November next. But

Notice

is hereby given, that the Bank of the United States will not after the first of November next, hold itself responsible upon any of its notes, which shall be voluntarily cut into parts, except on the production of all the parts.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN SMITH Cashier.

Sep. 3.

Buffaloe Robes,
Racoon and Bear Skins,

TEAS, COFFEE, LUMP & N. O. SUGAR,

Carolina Indigo, Snuff in kegs,

Pig tail and twist Tobacco,

QUEENSWARE—assorted Crates

An invoice of PEWTER Dishes & Plates

Cotton and Seine Twine, &c.

FOR SALE, WHOLESALE, at the Commission Warehouse, corner of Ferry and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

David Logan,

September 28.

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of

WINANS & JANUARY,

successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of the business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.

Castings—assorted,

Cut Nails—assorted sizes,

Wrought ditto ditto

Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.

Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto

White Lead in Oil,

Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,

A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* is this day been dissolved bu mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorized to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

Henry Bheares,
CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

RESPECTFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of PLAIN and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred.

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

Tothe Electors of Allegheny County;

Fellow Citizens.

NOTWITHSTANDING the repeated assertions of *some* that I had declined standing a pole altogether; and of *others* that I had suffered my name to be mentioned merely for the purpose of promoting the election of a favorite candidate; I now candidly and honestly assure you that I mean to be one of the *disinterested* twelve who have solicited your votes. In short it would be no small gratification to me to be your next sheriff. I, in the mean time, fully convinced that you will exercise your judgement on the occasion, remain whether successful or unsuccessful

Your Fellow Citizen,

WILLIAM LECKY.

Pittsburgh, July 16.

To the Electors of Allegeny county.

AS I have been placed before the public as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at our next election, with my full approbation, and as hints have been given in some parts of the county, that I had given up the idea of standing a poll, I consider it a duty I owe myself to state thus publicly, that I have not declined. The duties of a very confining business have prevented me from making that personal declaration to my fellow citizens, which has become usual on these occasions, yet I trust, that as my whole life has been passed in this county, sufficient information as to my qualifications or unfitness for the office, may be easily acquired by any individual who may think fit to make the enquiry. If the citizens of Allegheny shall think proper to favor me with their voice on the day of election, I shall feel highly gratified, for more reasons than one; if another of the candidates be preferred to me, I shall acquiesce without a murmur, convinced that every member of our society ought to exercise independenly, the full right of suffrage.

Your humble serv't.

MORGAN NEVILLE.

Pittsburgh, July 6.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

Friends and Fellow Citizens.—

FOR the first time in my life I appear before you as a candidate for office, should you deem me capable and worthy of your confidence I solicit your suffrages at the ensuing election for the office of SHERIFF, for Allegheny county; pledging myself, should I be elected, to discharge the duties of the office with impartiality.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pitt township, August 13.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

FELLOW CITIZENS—My name has appeared amongst a number of others in the public prints of this place, as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the next election, and as I have been well assured that when I was spoken of at a political meeting lately held, it was publicly stated that I had declined standing a poll for that office, I think it right to mention that as I did not offer myself at first, neither did I ever say or hint to any person that I intended to decline. The compliment of having been mentioned by my fellow citizens in that way, is too flattering to be lightly treated—But as it is the privilege of every citizen to exercise his own judgement on the day of election, I should think solicitation would be rather offensive than pleasing, and will therefore only observe, that I feel grateful for being put in nomination, and shall be highly so if successful.

I am yours very respectfully,

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, July 23.

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS.

FROM solicitations of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should you think me worthy of the trust, no exertions on my part shall be wanting to fill the office with fidelity, to the best of my abilities.

I am, gentlemen, your ob'dt. serv't,

JAMES CROSSAN.

March 12, 1819.

To the Electors of Allegheny County;

FELLOW CITIZENS—As I have been placed before the public as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF at our next election, with my full approbation, I now state publicly that I have determined to stand the poll, and do hereby solicit your votes. The necessary attention to my business through these times of difficulty, has hitherto prevented me from making that personal declaration to you, which has become so usual on such occasions; yet I trust that as my whole life has been passed in this county, and as I once had the honor of serving you in the Sheriff's Office, sufficient information as to my qualifications may be easily acquired. If the citizens of Allegheny county should favor me with their voice on the day of election, I shall remember with gratitude this mark of public confidence.

WM. M'CANDLESS.

July 16.

Notice

S. & J. THOMSON

HAVING removed their goods to New-Lisbon, (Ohio) it becomes necessary for all those indebted to Samuel Thomson, or to the firm of S. & J. Thomson, to come forward and make payment of their accounts immediately.

Samuel Thomson will remain here, at his new Store-house, 3 doors above 5th, in Market street, for the purpose of settling accounts and receiving payment.

Pittsburgh, August 27.

The Store House lately occupied by S. & J. Thomson (No. 47) will be let on very low terms

The Ohio River.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that proposals will be received by the subscribers, for improving the navigation of the Ohio River from the city of Pittsburgh to the line of the state of Pennsylvania, a distance of about 40 miles, from this time until the first of December next.

The contemplated improvement will consist in removing the large stones from the bed of the river, and in cutting an artificial channel through the sheals and ripples of, a certain depth and width. The work necessary to effect this object would be of a very simple kind. The stones lying in the channel are not attached to the bed of the river—none of them are so large as to require to be blown, and the artificial channel would have to be opened through sand and gravel.

The subscribers reside in Pittsburgh, and would be happy to afford every information upon the subject to any enterprizing persons disposed to undertake the work.

Matthew B. Lowrie,
Charles Shaler,
Alex. Johnston, Jr.
John Linton,
James Adams,
Isaiah Doane,
William Wilkins.

Pittsburgh, September 21.——6t

☞ The Editors of the Baltimore Telegraph, the Philadelphia Aurora, New York Columbian and Utica Patriot, are respectfully requested to publish this notice in their respective papers, once a week for six weeks, and send their accounts to the editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S. DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

WESTERN HOTEL,

No. 228 MARKET STREET,

Sign of General Washington.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has taken that well known establishment in Market street, next door to the Pittsburgh Mail Stage Office, and lately occupied by Mr. George Yohe. To those who have been accustomed to resort to this house, it is unnecessary to point out its superior advantages. For the information of others we deem it necessary to state that its situation is central, high, healthy and convenient to business; an extensive range of back buildings, consisting of lodging rooms, afford a fine view of the city to the eastward, and admit a free and uninterrupted circulation of air—and what will give them a decided preference in the opinion of many, is the attachment thereto of balconies, so constructed as not only to afford pleasant promenades, but easy means of escape in the event of any necessity from any sudden alarm of fire. The great Western Stages start every morning from the door, and on the premises is one of the best Livery Stables in the city, conducted by Mr. John Tomlinson, where travellers' horses will be faithfully attended to. With these advantages, and some other improvements now making added to his own unremitted exertions to please, the subscriber confidently hopes for, and very respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

R. Smith.

Philadelphia, August 11.—law3mcU'n

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE
Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.—Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,

50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.—y

A few pounds of the genuine

Pipsissiway,

or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

George Schreiner,
Cutler,

AND SURGEON'S INSTRUMENT MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he continues to carry on the above business in all its various branches—Also

White and Lock-smithing, and BRAND CUTTING,

At the corner of Wood & Second streets.

August 10.

N. B. An apprentice wanted.

PAINT PLOUGHS

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Just Manufactured & For Sale,

AT

TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also he exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of

New Music and Musical

INSTRUMENTS.

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

Call with me and save Costs.

THE BOOKS of *Gilbert M'Kown, Merchant, & John Means, late Inn-keeper,* are left with me for collection—persons who are indebted to either of those men, are invited to call at my office, in Fourth street, Pittsburgh, and settle without delay.

MATHEW B. LOWRIE.

September 24.

I WILL SELL,

And take stock of the Farmers & Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh in payment,

NINE ACRES of ground on the bank of the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, and about 200 yards below Robinson's Ferry—Also a Lot in Mechanic's Retreat. This property will be sold cheap.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1819.

N. B. Those persons indebted to me since I declined the printing business in August, 1816, are once more requested to make payment. A failure in one month, from this date, will *positively* subject them to costs and trouble.

CASH,

I HAVE determined to sell my FARM, at the fork of Chartier's creek, in the county of Washington, fifteen miles from Pittsburgh, consisting of about 214 acres, so low for CASH as to make it a great object for any one having the command of money. Its advantages in point of soil, timber, water, sugar-camps, neighbourhood, proximity to mills, markets, the turnpike road from Washington to Pittsburgh, meeting houses and an excellent college, are well known—Added to these, some enterprising individuals of capital, are now boring for Salt within a quarter of a mile of it, at a lick which has produced salt from the surface, so that no doubt is entertained of their success. This will be useful, not only to the vicinity in general, but it will be of peculiar benefit to the tract hereby offered for sale, as it will afford a constant market for the stone coal with which the land abounds. I will give the purchaser a PATENT in my own name and a *general warranty* deed. The title is indisputable. I am willing to dispose of eight or ten other tracts, on moderate terms.

THOMAS MORGAN.

Washington, Pa. September 25, 1819.

Joseph Armorer

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,

AND

GROCERIES,

which he is now selling on the most reasonable terms, at his store in the, Diamond. He at the same time tenders his sincere thanks for past favors and earnestly hopes for a continuance.

Pittsburgh, April 13.

N. B. *A good assortment of English & French*

THREAD LACE & EDGINGS,

LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.

Black Lace Veils and Squares 6-4 & 7-4

Swetman & Hughes,

Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1819.

Turnpike Notice.

THE Stockholders in the Pittsburgh and New Alexandria Turnpike Road Company, are required to pay to the Treasurer of the Company, the 3d, 4th, and 5th installments, in the following manner and proportion, viz. two and an half dollars on each share, being the 3d installment, on Monday the 11th of October next; two and half dollars on each share, being the 4th installment, on Monday the 8th of November next, and two and an half dollars on each share, being the 5th instalment, on Monday the 13th of December. Those who have neglected to pay their first and second instalments, may rest assured that if not paid on or before the 1st of October next, suits will be brought against all delinquents and those who will suffer a suit to be brought, may rest assured that nothing but specie will be taken in payment.

Subscribers in Allegheny county, will pay to James Johnston, esq. who is authorised to receipt for the same.

JOHN A. GILCHRIST, Treasr.

September 6th, 1819.

To the independent Electors of Allegheny county.

FELLOW CITIZENS,

A REPORT having been industriously circulated through the various parts of the county that I had declined standing as a candidate for SHERIFF, I take this method of assuring my friends and fellow citizens that the said report is wholly unauthorised by me, and that I shall be thankful for their support at the ensuing election.

HUGH DAVIS.

Allegheny Town, September 17.

Barley Wanted.

THE subscribers having entered into copartnership, are at present establishing a NEW BREWERY in Pittsburgh, near the foundry of Anthony Beelen, on the Monongahela river, and adjoining the Brewery owned by Thomas Baird & Son, which they mean to designate as

THE

Pittsburgh Brewery No. 4.

At which will be given the highest market price in cash for any quantity of

Good Merchantable Barley,

Which will be received as soon as convenient for the farmers to deliver it. Those who wish to make enquiry before delivery, will please to call with Robert Graham, esq. corner of Market and Second streets, or with the subscribers on the premises.

VARNER, COLWELL & Co.

August 17. tf

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.
Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes,* from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the mannfacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, October 22

William Crawford,
CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

56 Bales
COTTON,

FOR SALE BY

Samuel K. Page,

August 24.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1819.

To the Public.

HAVING seen a publication in the Pittsburgo Gazette of the 1st inst. signed by William Lecky, Esq. wherein it appears he has exerted all the powers of his mind, to place my conduct before the public, in the most odious colours which he could conceive of, or his imagination invent, and without that regard to justice which I think should influence every gentleman who takes the liberty to speak of the conduct of any person in a public manner; and, as Mr. Lecky has given a wrong colouring to some circumstances, and entirely omitted others, which may have a tendency to mislead the public mind, I have been constrained, though very reluctantly, to reply to Mr. Lecky in this public manner, by a statement of facts.

Some time in the month of August, 1818, when with Mr. Hilands and the clerk to the commissioners, (i do not recollect whether Mr. Davis, the other commissioner, was present or not) I was attending at the commissioners' office in an official capacity, Mr. Hilands handed to me Mr. Lecky's account for his time and expenses in pursuing the robbers of the Farmers and Mechanicks Bank of Pittsburgh. I took the account and perused it hastily, then laid it on the table at which I then sat writing. I do not recollect to have made any remarks respecting the amount at that time, neither do I recollect to have heard Mr. Hilands, or any other person, express an opinion at that time respecting said account; I am sure there was nothing said which could induce any person to suppose the account to have been presented in sport or jest. I resumed my writing, and when I had leisure, I examined the penal laws of this commonwealth, and found that where a prisoner was brought from another state into this for trial for an offence committed in this state, the expences of removing such prisoner should be paid by the commonwealth, and not by the county. The account was laid over with several other unsettled accounts, and was frequently spoken of, but I am confident that I never so much as heard it intimated by any one that the thing was intended as a jest, until after the account had been shewn to Mr. John Ligget, sometime in the summer of 1819. A few days after this, Mr. Lecky called at the Commissioner's office and asserted that he only intended it as a piece of sport, and that he thought the account had been destroyed.—Mr. Lecky's expressions at this time induced me to have a copy of said account with his remarks at the bottom, taken in such a manner that, if necessity should require it, I could give it to the public entire, and let them judge for themselves. The following is an exact copy.

Pittsburgh, Aug 12th 1818.

Allegheny County
To William Lecky Dr

To 32 days in persut of Emmons to Cincinnatti a $1 50	$48 00
Traveling expenses	75 37½
36 Days going to Ogdensburgh for Doct Pluymert a $1 50	54 00
Traveling expenses including Stage and Steem Boat fare	242 12½
	$419 49½

"N. B In the above act. I have been careful to exclude Sundays and days spent for my own amusement."

From the formal manner in which the foregoing account was drawn up, and presented, I leave it to the public to judge whether there is not something a good deal like *real earnest* in the business. There is nothing upon the face of this account which sustains the inference that this was a mere piece of humour, nor did I suppose Mr. Lecky had so little good breeding as to come into the Commissioners' office to *make a jest of them*.

JOS. WILSON.

October 4th 1819.

Mexico.

From the Nashville Clarion.

With solicitude we look to every western mail, for advices of the progress of the revolutionary party in Spanish America. It gives us pleasure to state, that the spirit of liberty is penetrating faster than the arms of the patriots, and that present appearances warrant a belief that success will crown the exertions of General Long.

General Wilkinson, in his Memoirs, speaking of Mexico, says, "taken in its extent from the Isthmus of Darien to the source of the Rio Bravo, it produces a greater variety of necessaries, comforts and luxuries, than any equal portion on the globe; where besides, can we find every fruit and every product which grows in the western hemisphere, with lead, iron, copper, silver and gold? the surface of this section of the Spanish Indies is diversified by hills, vales, mountains and plains, the arable part of which is represented to be exceedingly luxuriant; it abounds with flocks and herds, and its population at the present time, can be but little short of eight millions, which under a free government must increase rapidly, the climate being divine—the cotton plant, when cultivated, is quadrennial, the third crop being the most productive; it differs from that of the United states in colour and quality, and I have understood is preferable. The soil in the appropriate latitude is very favourable to the culture of sugar, and I have seen specimens from Vera Cruz of superior quality. Self government in such a region, will expand the intellect, and must excite enterprize and industry, which will soon be followed by the civil acts, agriculture and commerce; and then the immense plains of Texas, embracing millions of acres, may be changed from a state of nature, into compact sugar and cotton plantations, and Matagorda become a port of primary importance. With the most favourable dispositions towards the Mexican, people, whose cause cannot be indifferent to a man, who worships human rights, as the richest earthly treasure, I submit this limited view, remarking that there can be no doubt, that the independence of the Mexican kingdom may be established by the mere volition of the United States."

Col. Sparks, in his remarks on his journey to Mexico, says 'Matagorda, is a port capable of admitting vessels of any burthen, and sheltering a fleet, and which from its situation could easily be defended;" it is the point from whence the patriots will expect their stores of ammunition, artillery and bread stuffs, &c. The plains of Texas afford beef in plenty; Col. Sparks, remarking on the appearance of this district says, 'It is a country wild, uncultivated, and generally bare of wood, but the most luxuriant soil, with a population of only 10,000 inhabitants, subsisting principally by the chase. Deer, buffalo and wild horses are seen in incredible numbers."

From the Norfolk Herald, Sept, 22.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

From a source that may be relied on we have received the following statement of facts relative to the late unhappy misunderstanding among the principal officers of our Mediterranean squadron.—

"By virtue of a warrant issued by Com. Stewart, commander in chief, &c. a Court Martial, composed of the following officers, viz.

Captain M'Donough, President.

Captains Ballard and Nicholson; Lts. Gallagher and Page, members.

Benj. F. Bourne, Judge Advocate.

Convened on board the frigate Guerriere on the ——day of——, for the trial of—— a marine, charged with having stabbed a man belonging to the Franklin.

"The Court, pursuant to order, continued its proceedings on board the Guerriere, until the evidence wos closed and sentence passed, when it adjourned to meet *on shore at Naples*, the next day, in consequence of the indisposition of the Judge Advocate, where having revised and signed the record, the court then adjourned, "without a day."

"The proceedings and sentence being sent to the Commander in chief, for his approbation, (as the law requires) were by him declared illegal and of no effect—*first*, because the court had been held *on shore*, in disobedience of his order requiring it to be held on board the Guerriere; and *secondly*, that it had been held where the United States had no jurisdiction—consequently having no jurisdiction there over the offence charged against the prisoner, he was ordered to be discharged from arrest, and the proceedings against him annulled.

"The Commander in Chief revived the Court by signal to receive this communication, to which by way of remark he added, that "satisfied these irregularities on 'the part of the court had proceeded from 'inadvertance, he should not further notice them at that time, but trusted that 'in any future proceedings they would 'be more observant of the laws and regulations provided in such cases that 'culprits deserving punishment should 'not escape to the prejudice of the service'—or words to that effect.

"The commodore considers the court to have then dissolved, although he made no order to that effect as is customary.

"The court were of opinion that this communication of the commodore should form part of their record, and as he had not returned it to them they requested it of him for that purpose, which was complied with; and the Court were further of opinion that the language used by the Commodore in his communication was a *censure* upon their proceedings—an unjustifiable interference with the solemn deliberations of the court, who *as a body*, were perfectly independent of his control, and without the pale of his reproof. Not having been dissolved by the Commodore's order, the Court still considered itself in existence, and resolved to convene again to vindicate its honor and dignity against the imputations of the Commander in chief. The Court did meet and a resolution was unanimously passed to that effect, but the squadron being ordered to sail, nothing further was done in it until its arrival at Gibraltar, when the Court was convened by signal from the *President* to act upon the resolution, which was accordingly done—when it was sent to the commodore.

"He (the Commodore) considers this act of the members of the Court as declared in language highly disrespectful to him as their superior officer—insulting to his rank and authority, and subversive of his power—that the Court was no longer in being, he having, as he had an undoubted right to do, annulled its proceedings and discharged the prisoner. That a signal made (while he was present) ordering the court to meet was a contempt of his power, and the meeting of the officers for that object, an usurpation of authority to erect themselves into a tribunal contrary to law, and for no other purpose than to bring him into contempt and to violate the fundamental rules enacted for the subordination and discipline of the service."

"The members of the Court disavow such an intention, and offered their tribute of respect to the private and public character of the Commander in Chief, but sustain the opinion of their *corporate* rights and the resolution founded thereon. The Commander in Chief declares the meeting to have been unlawful, the language disrespectful and insulting, suspends the officers from command, and prefers his charges, &c."

Scientific Expedition.

By a letter from one of the officers of the U. S. steam boat *Western Engineer*, to the editors, dated Fort Osage, Aug. 10, we learn that she arrived there on the 1st inst. and departed on the 10th. On the 12th she proceeded as far as the mouth of the Kansas, about forty miles.

Messrs. Say, Jessup, Peale, Seymour, Biddle and Swift accompanied by Mr. Daugherty, assistant Indian agent and interpreter, left the boat at Fort Osage, and proceeded by land to visit the Kanzas Indians, and from thence to the Pawnees, and will join the Engineer at the Council Bluffs. This mode of progressing will enable the naturalists to explore the country leisurely, and obtain a correct and general knowledge of it. Major Long, Major O'Fallon and Lieutenant Graham proceeded in the Engineer.

Col. *Atkinson*, commander of the expedition for the Yellow Stone, left Franklin on the 13th inst. for Fort Osage, and from thence would proceed immediately for the Council Bluffs.

Col. Chambers, and the troops under his command, still remain at Fort Osage.

The steam boat Expedition, with provisions, troops, &c, was within 20 miles of Fort Osage on the 10th inst. Of the three steam boats belonging to col. Johnson, the Expedition, either from her construction or other causes, appears to have been the most fortunate.

The *Johnson*, (another of the steam boats) was on Monday last, 16th instant, near the mouth of Grand River on a sand bar, her rudder broke and it was supposed that a part, if not the whole of her cargo would have to be taken up by keel boats.

The *Jefferson* steam boat, which was mentioned in our last as having been lying about thirty miles below Franklin, for some time past, is unable to proceed any higher up the Missouri, and has been abandoned. Her cargo is to be taken up in keel boats.—*Miss. Intel.*

Internal Improvement.—Proceedings of the standing committee of the 'New-York corresponding association, for the promotion of internal improvement' At a meeting of the committee held at the Lyceum on the 14th instant, various communications upon improvements in agriculture, internal navigation, &c. were read, among which was a letter from his excellency De Witt Clinton, relative to the great Western Canal in the state of New-York, which stated that twenty five hundred men, and a suitable complement of horses and oxen, are now at work upon the middle section; and that with favourable weather, the navigation will be opened this season. A lateral canal from the great one, which is laid a few miles north of the salt works, in Onondaga county, is cut to the works, & nearly finished.* An engineer has been employed to examine the harbor of Buffalo, and two others, to explore a route for the western section; fifty or sixty miles of which will be laid out this fall.

The following resolutions were adopted by the committee:—

'1. *Resolved*, that C. G. Haines, the corresponding secretary, report on the practicability, advantages, and probable expense, of opening a canal between N. York and Philadelphia, by way of the Raritan and Delaware rivers, or by any other favourable route.

'2. That he report as soon as practicable, on the proximity of the head waters of those streams which run east and west, from the range of the Allegheny mountains.

3. That he report on the practicability and general expense, of reclaiming the meadows and salt marshes, similar to those upon the Atlantic seaboard.

*The revenue arising from the manufacture of salt, is said to be for this year, 60,000 dollars.

Nacogdoches, Aug. 14.

An express arrived from Col. Robinson, who commands the detachment reconnoitering on the Brassos, informing that the party were all well; that two negro men (runaways from the U. States) and one white man had gone to Labadie The Indian tribes in that quarter are all friendly, and warm for our cause. It is expected that the party will intercept some contraband traders from St. Antonio.

By the arrival of five deserters from St. Antonio. we learn that there are not more than two hundred troops in that place, and about eighty in Labadie.—These deserters say that if we go in considerable force, the royalists will not fight, but together with the inhabitants, throw themselves on our protection.—Their situation at this time is truly deplorable—a person cannot venture one mile from the city without a strong guard, on account of the hostile conduct of the Indians, who are continually hovering around them. We hope soon to protect them from the Indians as well as the royalists. We hear of large quantities of wild cattle in the vicinity of Labadie, which will support our army on its march.

We understand that strong settlements are forming at Picond Point on Red river. The lands there are of the best quality, and enough of provisions have been made there this year to supply four times the number of inhabitants that now reside there.

It is expected that the forces will move from this place in a very short time for St Antonio and Labadie. From intelligence received this day from the latter place, we are informed that there are not more than forty men, at most, posted there. We firmly believe that by the last of October, there will not be a royal Spaniard on this side of the Rio Grande.

Plattsburgh, Sep. 11.

Murder will out.—A man named Robert Trip, an inhabitant of Mooerstown, in this county, was committed to jail in this village a few days ago, charged with having murdered his wife about fifteen years since. The circumstances attending this horrid transaction have been brought to light by the daughter of Trip, who was at that time 14 years of age. She states that her father came home and was angry because there was not a fire—her step-mother told him she would make a fire, and while stooping down for the purpose, Trip struck her across the back with a hand-spike and she fell on the floor. Trip and his daughter put her upon the bed—medical assistance was called, but she died the *next day*. The old man told his daughter if she made any disclosures he would serve her in the same way. Trip is now about 60 years of age. He resided in Mooerstown at the time of the murder, where he has continued ever since.

The Comet.—We have had a narrow escape! The earth was, on the 26th of June, *in the direction of the tail of the comet.* This wandering star, our globe, and the sun, were then on the same line, and M. Olbers, a celebrated astronomer of Bremen, observed the passage of the comet over the sun's disc. The nucleus of the comet entered by the southern extremity, at 22 minutes after five o'clock, real time, and came out by the northern extremity at 21 minutes after 9 o'clock. During this passage, the comet was seven millions of German miles from the sun, and fourteen millions from our planet. *Journal des Debats.*

TO THE PUBLIC.

A report having been very industriously. and maliciously, circulated by Joseph Wilson, Esq. one of the County Commissioners, that I had presented a bill to the Board of Commissioners of Allegheny County, for the expenses attending the pursuit of the robbers of the Farmers and Mechanics Bank, I deem it but justice to myself, and the public, to make a statement of the facts, leaving my fellow-citizens to draw their own conclusions as to to the *very worthy* motives of Mr. Wilson.

Some time after my return home from the pursuit of the robbers, I stepped into the Commissioners' Office, (as was my usual custom) when the clerk asked me, in a laughing manner, how much I intended to charge the *county* for my trouble? I took up a sheet of paper, and made out a bill for a considerable sum, making special remarks at the bottom of it, which would plainly shew to any person, that it was all in *jest*. Every one present thought so at the time. Mr. Wilson *knew* it was so. Yet, notwithstanding his knowledge of the circumstances, he has *privately*, without the knowledge of the other Commissioners, been circulating the story among his friends. The paper was left carelessly on the desk—Mr. Wilson, when the laugh was over, and the parties withdrawn, carefully folded it up, indorsed it in his own hand writing, filed it in a secret place, (not among the public records) and only produced it at a time when he thought it would injure me in the estimation of the public.

This transaction cannot, with the utmost stretch of charity, be imputed to Mr Wilson's *ignorance*.—It shews a *depraved heart*, 'fatally bent on mischief,' and willing to dispense with every claim to honest dealing, for the purpose of gratifying the propensities of a malicious disposition I dislike public investigation, wherein one of my fellow-citizens must have his mean and pitiful conduct exposed; but it is better to tread on the heads of twenty vipers than to be bit by one of them Self defence is a primary law—and when a lurking defamer will endeavour to stab a man's character in the dark, his views should be exposed, and himself trampled under the feet of honest indignation. Such a character I pronounce Joseph Wilson of St. Clair township; and should any doubt the charge, let them read the following certificates, and be convinced.

WM. LECKY.

We do certify, that we were present in the commissioners' office, when the bill above alluded to was presented; and that it was then considered as a matter of sport, without any idea of drawing money from the county treasury The bill was never laid before the commissioners in their official capacity

JOSEPH DAVIS,
R. HILANDS, } *Comm'rs.*

Mr. Lecky finding it necessary to make a publication on the subject of the agency he had in pursuing the robbers of the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, it is but an act of justice for me to declare, that I consider the conduct of this gentleman on that occasion, as highly patriotic, and disinterested, and as deserving my thanks as well as that of every stockholder. Mr. Lecky left Pittsburgh at a moment's warning, without preparation of any kind, and in conjunction with several other worthy citizens whose names it is not now necessary to mention, was absent several weeks from his family and his business, which I know suffered very considerably from his absence. When he returned from Ogdensburgh, being the second important journey he took in the service of the bank, he was advised to demand a remuneration for his time and labour; this he invariably refused to do, and he declared he would accept of no compensation if offered to him; it is my duty to state that he never received anything but for his necessary travelling expences.

MORGAN NEVILLE,
Cashier of the Farmers' & Mechanicks' Bank of Pittsburgh.

I was present at the transaction alluded to in the above statement—I was then clerk to the commissioners—I jocuously asked Mr. Lecky, who was giving a history of his journies after the bank robbers, how much he intended to charge *the county* for his services—he then drew up an account and laid it on the desk—I then *knew*, and I think every one persent *believed* it to be a mere jest. The account was thrown aside as waste paper and I never saw or heard of it again lately, when I was told of it and shewn by Mr. Lecky, with an endorsement in Wilson's hand writing. It was not considered an office paper nor filed as such.

JAMES M. RIDDLE

I was present when the above account was made out in the commissioners office I then believed it, as I now do, intended a matter of sport.

S. ENGLES

Fall Goods.

M. S. Mason,

Wood street, has just received an extensive assortment of seasonable

European, India & Domestic

Dry Goods,

Which are offered low, at wholesale, on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, September 28. 6w

Best Pickling Vinegar

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST QUALITY

VINEGAR,

For Sale by the subscriber, on the bank of the Monongahela.

JAMES M'CA

Pittsburgh, September 24.

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a good assortment

SHOES,

Suitable for the season. They also, expect a new arrival.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

ROSIN SOAP.

Ormsby & Doone,

Have For Sale at the Brick Warehouse, between Market and Ferry st

150 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
100 Kegs Kentucky Tobacco,
50 Tons Juniata Iron,
30 ditto Castings,
Plaister of Paris—by the barrel
20 Barrels Whiskey,
20 ditto Pickled Pork,
30 Boxes Chocolate—No. 1,

Rectified Lake Salt, by the

A Quantity of CHEESE,

Axes, Hoes, Mattocks, Drawing &c. &c.

July 16, 181.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, Oct. 8, 1819.

Mr. Charles Shaler informs us, that if the attack the democratic party, and the attack remains unanswered, it must be imputed to his absence. This gentleman, even allowing him to be the only champion of democracy, need be under no uneasiness. We have not attacked the party, nor do we mean to do it; we have no feelings of this kind. On the contrary, some of our best personal friends are democrats, and we receive a handsome and punctual patronage from that party. We by no means identify democracy with Mr. Charles Shaler; we think them two very distinct things, and notwithstanding all his canting, we can assure him that the people at large view him in the same light. Upon the whole, the party will suffer no diminution either of respectability or weight from his absence. This gentleman also insinuates that the editor of this paper *plumes* himself upon the circumstance of his being a native of Allegheny county; there is nothing in his advertisement that justifies this construction; he mentioned his being a native, as affording the best opportunity for the citizens to investigate his character

"— even from his boyish days."

He knows the claims of the foreigner upon us; he was brought up in strict veneration of the rights of hospitality, and in happier days, the stranger always found a home in his paternal mansion. The insinuation is as hurtless as it is contemptible; the editor has the satisfaction of numbering among his friends as many foreigners as any other citizen can boast of, and in the list, he is happy to say that there is a large number of the warm hearted, enthusiastic sons of Ireland, of all parties. The object of the 'writer of the address' is obvious; he wished to seduce us into intemperate language, *at this particular period*; this we assure him he can do, at no time. As for his *high destinies*, heaven forbid that we should attempt to prevent his fulfilling them; we know his ambitious views: his object is political distinction; if the people trust him, agreed. We cannot jostle; we are humble in our wishes and only strive for an honest subsistence. We however certainly doubt this gentleman's success: and as he was posed by a Latin word in our last, we now offer him a sentence by way of reviving some of his classic knowledge; the passage is from Virgil, & he can make the application.

Vane Ligur——
Nequicquam patrias tentasti lubricus artes!

The "North Western Gazette," published at Wheeling, contains some good natured pleasantry at our expense. Pittsburgh is really becoming a bye-word and a scoff, when the poor little town

"At the foot of the hill,"

has commenced laughing at us. We give the editor credit for the bonhommie of his manner in animadverting on our remarks, and we assure him that we entertain no hostility against his town, but that we admire its citizens for their exertions. Whatever they can win by industry and enterprize, let them enjoy, and heaven forbid that we should indulge the slightest enmity on account of their patriotic emulation; the cause is a noble one, worthy of a republic, and if they can deprive us of even a portion of our wonted business, they deserve it. We are charged, however, with inconsistency in one of our articles, which the Virginia editor has done us the honour to extract; this we deny. We did not say that we would not believe that many waggons were *this year* going to Wheeling; we declared that we would not believe that even a *portion* of our trade could be changed; meaning thereby, Mr. Editor, radically diverted from us.

Absurd as is the idea that the water below Wheeling is better than it is above, yet it is certain that this opinion has gained ground, and the persons interested are using every means of spreading this belief as wide as possible. What cause the people of Wheeling can give for the water being deeper below their town than above we know not, for it is well known that the Ohio is as wide below as above, and receives no tributary streams between Pittsburgh and Muskingum of any consequence, & even these, miserable as they are, are now dry. We have frequently asserted this fact; we know the river to be more difficult for navigation between Wheeling and Marietta than in any other place; we have descended it at every season, and we are perfectly acquainted with it. Every boatman knows it and has declared it. The assertion however has been doubted abroad, inasmuch as it seemed to come from an interested source. The report of the commissioners who have been sent to explore the river will set this question at rest; in a few weeks it will be published, and then we shall have no more cavilling on the subject.

It is a melancholy reflection, however, when we consider how inattentive we have been to our interests in neglecting the Ohio river so much; one of our citizens has been engaged for some days past with a few hands in clearing the most prominent obstructions out of the river; in a letter from Steubenville to a gentleman of this place he states that they removed a great many very dangerous rocks and expresses his astonishment, so trifling is the expense, that this had not been done long ago; Mr. Lowrie, one of the commissioners says the same thing. A few hundred dollars expended judiciously on the river a few years ago would have saved probably a million of property. A fair statement can now be made to the state, and if Mr. Wilkins be elected, which we do not doubt, the circumstances will be fairly and intelligibly detailed. This gentleman whose public spirit and energy are no where surpassed, has made himself master of every point relating to our river and road, & has pledged himself to the people if elected, to leave nothing undone for the good of Pittsburgh and the neighbouring country.

As for the publication of "Fair Play" which has given umbrage to the Wheeling folk, we are not responsible for it; but this writer has called upon us and bound himself to substantiate his charges; if he be not mistaken, we are not much afraid of hearing from Kentucky.—Far be it from us, however, to say any thing that may militate against the reputation or injure the feelings of the respectable Kentucky merchant. That many traders avoided Pittsburgh for the reason assigned by 'Fair Play' we do not doubt; but that many have gone to Wheeling from the idea of getting better water is equally true.

FROM SPAIN.

The latest accounts from Spain say, that O'donnell has been ordered forthwith to Madrid; there were surmises that he is likely to be committed to a dungeon by Ferdinand.

Franklin 74, sailed from Gibraltar for Minorca about August 10th. The Spark was at Gibraltar.

A letter from Baton Rouge, of date the 8th ult. gives a distressing account of the prevalance of disease in that quarter. "there is scarcely a house in town that has not from one to three sick in it." The same letter tells a very different story of the health of New Orleans from those which we have by way of New-York and other outports. "I am told (says the writer,) by those who can be relied on, just from New Orleans, that they bury about forty persons a day in that city. What another month may produce, Heaven only knows."—*Nat. Intel.*

Military Road.

We learn by gentlemen from the section of country through which this road is opening, that the troops employed have been reinforced, and it is believed the road is already opened. We are not informed how far the lower end is completed. This road when finished, will make the route from Nashville to Orleans about *three hundred miles shorter* than now travelled, and is therefore of the utmost importance to the western country. We understand much credit is due to the officers in command, for the handsome manner in which the road is opened.

[*Nashville Whig.*

From a late London Paper.

At the last accounts, Hunt continued in prison at Manchester, his bail having been rejected. The only wound of consequence which he received, was on the back of his right hand, while warding off the blows.

An article from Frankfort, of the 3d of August says, the political affairs of Germany seem to take a new turn; that the Diet would continue assembled until the great affairs which employed it shall be settled. The ministers there had frequent conferences. The German States, it is said are to be newly organized, and a military confederative system to be adopted.

The Duke of Wellington arrived at Aix la Chapelle on the 10th of August from Spa, accompanied by colonels Jones and Greenville. The next day he set out for Berlin. It is supposed his object is to settle the differences between Denmark and Sweden. He will proceed to Warsaw to meet the Emperor of Russia, to fix the future destinies of Poland.

It is reported, that Bernadotte is on the point of being abandoned by the Emperor of Russia, a circumstance that will increase the difficulties of his position.

A Belfast paper mentions, that a disgraceful scene of outrage lately occurred at Wurtzburg, in the Baravian territory. The inhabitants made a furious attack on the members of the Jewish persuasion resident among them. The military were called out, and tranquility restored; not however without loss of lives. The unhappy Jews for the most part left the town.

London, Aug. 14.

A letter from St. Helena, dated May 29. says, 'General Sir G. and lady Bingham embark for England to morrow on board of the Regent. Report says, that he will soon return as governor. We know nothing of what passes in Europe as all the newspapers which arrive are obliged to be forwarded to Sir H. Lowe, who destroys them after perusal. I omitted giving you an account of the sham fight which caused so great an alarm on this island. Sir T. Reade, the Adjutant General, being desirious of gratifying lady Lowe with the representation of a naval night action, gave directions to that effect to captain Wauchope, of the Eurydice. Accordingly at about ten o'clock at night, the Eurydice, after a very brilliant discharge of rockets, blue lights, &c. commenced a vigorous cannonade, which was answered by a brig, and kept up with great spirit on both sides, to the great admiration of such ladies as were in the secret, and the consternation of the inhabitants, among others, of admiral Plampin, who not having been consulted on the occasion, and believing that the Yankees were endeavouring to land in order to carry off Bonaparte, sent his secretary and the signal mid-shipman galloping down the steep side path from the Briars, to ascertain what was the matter. Nothing could exceed the confusion among the natives, the greatest part of whom flocked to the alarm posts, where they remained until daylight, while the favored few who were initiated, quietly repaired to their accustomed place of repose, laughing within themselves at the fears of their credulous neigbours. The following day an order was issued by admiral Plampin, to the squadron under his command, prohibiting a repetition of night cannonading without his consent having been previously obtained. Nothing is further known about Bonaparte than that he is on the island.'

Foreign News.—London papers of the 22d ultimo, are received in New-York. Through the Daily Advertiser of yesterday we learn, that a cabinet council was held in London, on the 21st of August, of the Ministers, Lords Sidmouth, Liverpool, Castlereagh, &c. to consider what measures were necessary to the safety of the affairs of England. Hunt, with 8 of his brother and *sister* reformers underwent an examination on the 20th (as has been before mentioned) and were remanded to prison on the charge of high treason.—The Kensington meeting was postponed, and it was proposed in a placard, to hold it at Smithfield on the 25th. 'England expects every one to his duty' is the rallying phrase adopted by the reformers.—There was a numerous meeting at the Crown and Anchor tavern, (London) called to express their sentiments respecting the military attack at Manchester.—Several of the reformers had been arrested.

It is curious to observe the effects of the late riots in England upon the markets and the funds. In consequence, as it is said, of the Manchestrr meeting, the manufacturers having since then come to their senses, and thought better to be earning their support, than to be reforming with Mr. Hunt, &c. cotton has gained in demand, and has advanced in price one penny on the pound. The rise in the funds is equally striking, although we cannot ourselves find the reason, unless buyers were before the riots afraid that the government would be subverted: out now their confidence is restored.

QUEBECK, Sept. 16.

The Honorable Mr. Chief Justice Monk, arrived in this City on Monday last from Montreal. We understand that conformably to the Royal instructions the Administration of the Government of the Province devolves on his Honor, as senior Minister of the Executive Council.

PHILADELPHIA, Sep. 20.

The Yellow Stone Expedition.

Among the arrangements of the general government now carrying into effect by the executive, there is none of greater importance in its various relations to the United States, than the Yellow Stone Expedition, which combines the exploring of numerous rivers and water courses, not yet ascertained—the progress of settlement, and facility of intercourse with the fertile region of the west, and the safety of that extensive frontier, by the establishment of military posts; each and all of which objects when completed, must essentially contribute to promote the great desideratum of Indian civilization, than which there is no consideration of higher interest to engage the attention of the people and the government of the United States.

It is, indeed, devoutly to be wished that no cause may occur to impede or suspend the prosecution of this truly important enterprize, which under the judicious appointments that now direct it, must speedily eventuate in great and general benefit to every section in the Union, improving the agriculture, and increasing the wealth of the interior, while it extends the navigation and commerce of the Atlantic states.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 25.

We should feel a strong repugnance to publish the following disgraceful circumstance had it not come from a source whose veracity we cannot doubt. A stranger travelling to the westward afoot, was taken ill on the Frederick road, near the Moncacy.—He applied at at several places, but was denied admittance—he lay under a tree for some days, and on Friday last expired, probably from having been denied the rights of hospitality. His corpse remained from Friday til Tuesday last without interment—was not even enclosed in a coffin—on that day a person in the neighbourhood nailed some rough planks together in which the remains were placed, and a few black persons offered to dig a grave for it, when the owner of the land *refused* it a burial upon his ground! The corpse was above ground when our informant left the place.

Fort Wayne, a well known post on the Miami of the lakes, near the western confines of the state of Ohio; was evacuated in May last and the troops stationed there were removed to Detroit. As settlements advance, the military posts are transferred to the remoter frontier, where they are more likely to be useful.

[*Nat. Intel.*

From the Palmyra Register.

REMARKABLE PRESERVATION.—On the 24th inst. Mr. Alexander Fosket, of Lyons, (Ontario county) descended to the bottom of a well, which was 36 feet deep and nearly dry, for the purpose of removing a stone therefrom that prevented the bucket from dipping, in which situation he discovered the stones giving way around him, threatening him with immediate death. But with the celerity of a fox he ascended the well twelve feet, when the stones closed in upon him from above as well as below, burying him 20 feet under their pondrous weight. What but death could now be expected was his awful doom! But we rejoice in being able to state, that after being confined in this prison of despair for the space of seven hours, without suffering any material injury, except a severe bruise on one of his legs—no bones were broken. The stones as they fell, providentially formed an arch about eight inches above his head, which was the cause of his not being instantly killed.

A READY CURE,

For the Billious or Cramp Cholic.

Take a small quantity of brimstone; dissolve it in brandy; temper it with water, and drink it as often as you can, until the pain is removed, which will be after the second or third drinking. Should the third not effect the removal of the pain, continue the dose. Experience has taught me this, who sends it to the press for the good of the community at large.

[*Rich. Com.*

CANDIDATES FOR THIS DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

Senator for four years,
SAMUEL POWER;

Senator for two years.
WILLIAM MARKS,
JACOB MECHLING.

Nominated at a meeting of Citizens.

Assembly,
WILLIAM WILKINS,
JOHN GILMORE,
GARRET WALL,
LAZARUS STEWART.

Commissioner,
JAMES SAMPLE.

Auditor,
ROBERT SIMPSON.

Democratic Republican
DELEGATION TICKET.

Senator for 4 years,
SAMUEL POWER.

Senator for 2 years,
WILLIAM MARKS.

Assembly.
JAMES C. GILLELAND.
JOHN WILSON,
ALEX'R. BRACKENRIDGE,
JOHN GILMORE.

Commissioner,
CHARLES JOHNSTON.

Auditor,
NOBLE CALHOUN.

Sheriff,
HUGH DAVIS.

JAMES M. RIDDLE is a Candidate for Auditor.

SHERIFFS.

Morgan Neville,	Edw. W. Smallman,
Wm. M. Candless,	David Glenn,
Wm. B. Foster,	James Jelly,
James. B. Oliver,	James Blashford,
Hugh Davis,	James Parks,
James Crossan.	

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
700 lbs *Saddler's Skirting Leather,*
1500 do. *Spanish Soal* *ditto,*
4 doz. prime Calf-skins,
4 ditto UPPER LEATHER,

—ALSO—

A general assortment of FALL & WINTER

GOODS,

And a complete assortment of New Printed

MUSIC,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

N. RICHARDSON,
Fourth street

Pittsburgh, October 5.

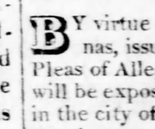
Twenty Dollars Reward.

LOST on the 6th inst. at the house of James Speer, Inn-keeper, on the Allegheny river, a new red morrocco POCKET BOOK, containing eighty dollars in ten dollar notes on the Bank of Pittsburgh, and eight dollars in current money, five on the Bank of Warren and three on Steubenville, with sundry other papers of no use to any one but the owner. Whoever will return said pocket book and its contents to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward and no questions asked.

WALTER FORTUNE,
Fourth street, above Wo[illegible]

Pittsburgh, October 8. 3

Five Dollars Reward.



STRAYED from the subscriber living in Pittsburgh, on Sunday the third instant, a small BLACK MARE, about 6 years old main hogg'd, marked on the shoulder with the collar, and also with the letter V in three places on the near side, shod all round, and is a natural trotter. The above reward will be given for the mare, or if stolen, ten dollars for the mare and thief.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, Carpetner.

October 8.

Stray Cow.

STRAYED away 8 or 10 days ago, a MOHLEY COW, brindle and white, she has a piece off her right ear said to have been occasioned by the frost when a calf. Any person who will bring said cow to the subscriber, in Third street between Wood and Market, or give information where she may be found, shall be reasonably rewarded, by

JOHN WINRIGHT.

Pittsburgh, October 8.

Altena Iron Works,
NEAR PITTSBURGH.

THE following is a list of prices of the different kinds of IRON which can be furnished at the above Works at short notice for cash:

Barr Iron Tire for Waggons, &c. per ton,	$ 160
Fine drawn less than common,	170
Nail Iron 6d 8d 10d	190
do. 4d	200
Boiler Iron 1-8, 3-16 and 1-4 inch thick,	250
Single, less than 1-8 inch,	260
Double and Tribble Sheet Iron.	280

Wheat or Flour, Corn, Oats, Potatoes or Meat, will be received in exchange at the market prices for Iron.

JOSHUA MALIN, AGENT.

Oct. 8, 1819.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the court-house in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 18th of October next, all the right, title, interest and claim of Henry Noble, deceased, at the tme of his death, of in and to a certain tract or piece of land, situate on Robinson's Run, in Fayette township, in the county aforesaid; bounded by the town of Noblesburgh, and by lands of Hoffman's heirs, Widow Fink, Doctor Glenn, David Laird and others—containing 500, acres be the same more or less; on which is erected a large gristmill, a saw mill, two dwelling houses and a barn, and on which there is a large apple orchard, and about 150 acres cleared. Seized and takeu in execution as the property of the said Henry Noble at the suits of Isabella M'Afee and others.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Thomas Neel, of, in and to one hundred and twenty acres of land be the same more or less, situate in Versailles township—bounded by lands of David Shaw, Samuel Fleming, James Carson, John M'Cullough, and John M'Masters, on which is erected a large two story house, kitchen, and stable and several other buildings, and about forty acres cleared. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Thomas Neel at the suit of James Brice for the use of Francis Herron and Robert Peebles.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the time and place aforesaid (if not sold on Monday the 11th of October) all the right, title, interest and claim of Charles Von Bonnhorst, of in and to a certain tract or piece of land, containing two hundred and eighty seven acres be the same more or less, situate in Mifflin township, called "HAMILTON HALL"—bounded by the Monongahela river, and by lands of Mary Thomson, John Neil and the heirs of —— Cochran, on which is erected one large frame dwelling house—a double barn, a saw-mill and a dwelling house and ninety acres cleared thereon. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Charles Von Bonnhorst at the suit of William Hill.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the same court, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Isaac Craig, of in and to a certain lot or piece of ground, situate at the corner of Water street and Redoubt alley, marked in the plan of Pittsburgh No. 153, containing in front or breadth on Water street sixty feet, and extending back in length from Water to Front street, 160 feet more or less; on which are erected a two story brick dwelling house and brick back buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Isaac Craig at the suit of Arthur Brown for the use of John Davis.

Also, by virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the same court and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of Robert Elliott, dec'd. at the time of his death, of, in and to the tract of land known by the name of "The Bullock Penns," situate in Pitt township, bounded by land of Dunning M'Nair, William Wilkins, John Ferree's heirs, James Horner and others; containing three hundred and thirty acres, be the same more or less—on which are erected a large two story tavern house, two double barns and a number of small houses. Seized and taken in execution as the property of the said Robert Elliott at the suits of William Hill and others, and to be sold by

L. STEWART, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Pittsburgh, Sep. 28, 1819.

TO LET.

THE BRICK TAVERN HOUSE on Turnpike road two miles from Pittsburgh, lately occupied by John Means.—Immediate possession will be given, and very moderate rent required.—Enquire of

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 3d, 1819.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS in and by an act of the General Assembly of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An act to regulate the general Elections within this commonwealth," it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected—In pursuance of which, I, LAZARUS STEWART, Sheriff of the county of Allegheny, do therefore make known, and give this public notice to the Electors of Allegheny county aforesaid, that a general election will be held in the said county, on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, at the several election districts therein.

The electors of that part of the city of Pittsburgh west of Wood street, from the Monongahela river to where that street intersects Liberty street, from thence north of Liberty and west of Washington streets, are to meet at the court house in the said city.

The electors of that part of the city of Pittsburgh east of Wood street and south of Liberty street to the city line—together with the electors of that part of Pitt township adjoining and attached thereto, beginning on the Allegheny river at the mouth of Washington street, and running up said river to the mouth of the Two Mile Run, thence up the said run by Roup's mill to Henry Fulton's farm house, thence in a straight line to William Knox's farm house, on the Four Mile Run, (including the two last mentioned places) thence down the Four mile run to the Monongahela river, and thence down the said river to the city line, are also to meet at the court house in the city of Pittsburgh.

The electors of Pitt township, are to meet at the school house in the village of Wilkinsburgh in said township (being the place appointed by the act of Assembly of the 24th of March, 1817.)

The electors of Plumb township, are to meet at the house of John Little in said township.

The electors of Versailles township, are to meet at the house of William Shaw, in said township.

The electors of Elizabeth township, are to meet at the house of John Walker, in Elizabethtown.

The electors of Mifflin township, are to meet at the house of William Walker, in said township.

The electors of that part of St. Clair township, within the following bounds, to wit. Beginning on the Monongahela river, at the mouth of Street's run, thence down the said river to the mouth of Chartier's creek on the Ohio river, thence up the said creek to include John Bell's, from thence to Willet's on Street's run, including the farms of Robert Hays and James Brison) and thence down the said river to the place of beginning, (being made a separate election district) are to meet at the house of James Patterson, locksmith, in Birmingham, in said township.

The electors of the residue of St. Clair township, south and west of the aforesaid division line, are to meet at the house of Thomas M'Cully in said township.

The electors of Fayette township, are to meet at the house of John Taylor, (formerly Matthew M'Coy's,) in Noblesburgh, in said township.

The electors of Robinson township, are to meet at the house of William Marks, in said township.

The electors of Moon township, are to meet as the house of William Hooper, sen. in said township, (being the place appointed by the act of 24th March, 1817.)

The electors of Ohio township, are to meet at the house of John Moore, in said township.

The electors of Ross township, are to meet at the house of Samuel Allen, in said township.

The electors of Pine township, are to meet at the house of William Cochran, in said township.

The electors of Deer township, together with the electors residing in that part of Indiana township, between Deer township and the following line, to wit; beginning at the Allegheny river at Alexander Logan's Ferry, thence along the Butler road until it strikes the line of Deer township, are to meet at the house of Felix Negley, in Deer township.

And the electors of the residue of Indiana township, are to meet at the house of David Stewart, in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors, as aforesaid, will elect by ballot,

One person, in conjunction with Beaver, Butler and Armstrong counties, for STATE SENATOR, for four years.

One person, in conjunction with Beaver, Butler and Armstrong counties, for STATE SENATOR, for two years, in the room of Walter Lowrie, resigned.

Four persons for Members of the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in conjunction with Butler county.

Two persons for SHERIFF of Allegheny county.

One person for COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

One person for AUDITOR of Allegheny county.

And in and by the act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 17th day of March, 1800 it is directed, that the Inspectors of the said General Election, shall be chosen by ballot, on the Friday next preceding the first Tuesday in October, at the several election districts; and the election of such inspectors shall be held by the respective constables, who are required to give at least one week's notice of such election, assisted by two qualified citizens, chosen by such citizens qualified to vote, as shall be then present, and the inspectors so chosen, are required to be at the places of their districts on the day of the general election, at nine o'clock in the morning, to do and perform the duties required of them.

And the return judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are required to meet at the court house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Friday next after the second Tuesday of October next, then and there to perform those duties required by law.

Given under my hand, at Pittsburgh, this 7th day of September, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the forty fourth.

L. STEWART, Sheriff.

Information Wanted.

ON the 23d of August last, a person of genteel appearance, calling himself THOMAS WILSON, and stating his residence to be in Washington county, obtained a letter from a gentleman in Lancaster, Pa. containing

3 Baltimore Bank Notes,	$100 each	$300
4 Bank of Pennsylvania,	10 each	40
1 Carlisle Bank		10
1 Bank of Metropolis		2
		$352

Which he promised to deliver to H. C. Bosler of this city, saying he was then on his way to the Westward. Not having heard of the letter since and fearing it may be lost, any information that might lead to a discovery of the person or money, will be thankfully received by

BOSLER & Co.

Pittsburgh, October 1,

M. P. Cassilly,

Market, between Third and Fourth streets,

IS OPENING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

British, French, India and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Which he will sell cheap for Cash or at a short credit.

ALSO—GREEN COFFEE, by the bag.
BRANDY & WINES,
BENGAL INDIGO, by the keg.
FRESH RAISINS, by the box,

Kenhawa & Lake Salt,

BY THE BARREL.

Pittsburgh, June 25.

Bauduy's BRANDYWINE POWDER.

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819

Samuel K. Page,

OF this city, and JAMES GRAY, late of Steubenville, have this day connected themselves in Mercantile business under the firm of

Page & Gray.

Pittssburgh, September 7, 1819.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto,	Pittsburgh & Kentuck Manufac. Tobacco,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Spanish and country Segars,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Rosin soap and candles,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Trace and Log chains,	Earthen & Queensware,
Patent beams and Steelyards,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Scythes and sickles,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Carpenter's adze',	Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.
Plough Irons,	
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28. 1818 ——

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

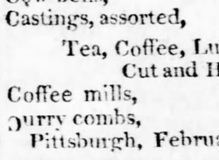
In a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

Steam Boats.



THE subscriber is fitting out TWO STEAM BOATS, which will commence running immediately—as follows—One boat to carry one hundred and fifty tons, to ply between New-Orleans and St. Louis; and the other to carry fifty tons, and to make three trips in each month, between the mouth of the Ohio and St. Louis, by means of which, freight or passangers can have a quick conveyance.

JACOB REED.

September 7.

To the Electors of Allegheny county.

THE subscriber, your fellow citizen, has offered himself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of this county. He has been induced to do it from a belief that his principles and his character must be known to most of you, and from the flattering encouragement of his friends, he has reason to hope for an honorable support. He has no claims on you, other than those arising from his personal character and standing amongst you. His pretensions are not founded on the circumstance of his being born among you, or of his father having been one of the earliest adventurers in the west—a brave soldier in the wars of his country, and an honest citizen in peace. These are FACTS notorious in Pennsylvania; but the subscriber will rely on his OWN PERSONAL MERIT, the only legitimate claim to public favour and tendering his cordial respects to his fellow citizens throughout the county, solicits their suffrage and support.

EDWARD W. SMALLMAN.

Pittsburgh, September 7,

DUPONT'S GUN-POWDER

THE subscribers having receiv'd a general assortment of Powder, manufactured by Messrs. E. J. Dupont, de Nemours & Co. so well known for its superior quality, viz.

OPg, Fg, FFg, FFFg,

Which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms.

—ALSO—

150 Kegs Nitre-Hall Powder

FOR SALE BY

GEO. BOGGS & CO.

Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

We have on Hand,

800 Reams Wrap. Paper,

CROWN SIZE;

120 Reams Medium Tea-Paper,
440 ditto Fine Quarto Post,
120 Gross Bonnet Boards,
100 ditto Band Box ditto.

For which we will take many of the uncurrent notes in payment.

R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

August 10.

Town of PALERMO

THE scite of this Town is on the bank of the Ohio river in Union county, state of Kentucky, immediately opposite the mouth of the Saline river, in the state of Illinois.

The Sale of Lots

will take place on the 20th day of October next, under the directions of the Commissioners appointed by the Court of Union county, and will continue from day to day, till Three Hundred are disposed of

THE TERMS OF SALE

will be one fourth down, one fourth in nine, one fourth in eighteen, and one fourth in twenty four months, with a deed of trust to secure the payment.

There is no situation on the Ohio between its source and mouth (with the exception of Louisville) which combines more or greater advantages than

PALERMO

—Union is allowed to be the most fertile county south of Green river, and the whole section of country between the Green and Cumberland rivers is well known to be peculiarly adapted to the culture of Tobacco than any other part of Kentucky. The population is increasing most rapidly, and by many of the most respectable and genteel families from Virginia, North Carolina and she old settled parts of Kentucky. This town is about 1200 miles above New-Orleans and lies in the direct course to Illinois, Missouri, Arkansaw, Kaskaskia and Red River countries, and shortens the distance at least thirty miles instead of going by Shawanee-town. In its immediate neighbourhood, are very large bodies of the richest land in the state—it is about 6 miles by water from the United States' Salt Works, and must become the deposit for the salt wanted in the adjacent counties of Kentucky, and a considerable portion of Tennessee.

PALERMO

is destined to become one of the greatest places on the whole river for steam works, having an inexhaustible coal mine within half a mile of the river, and the coal not a foot below the surface, and also within three or four miles of the town one of the richest ore banks in the western country.

PALERMO

possesses a great advantage over every other situation on the river above it, that steam-boats and others can at almost all seasons of the year come from and return to New-Orleans, there being never less than 12 feet water at its banks; the want of which advantage was severely felt from Pittsburgh as low as Shawaneetown last fall, at the former of which places an immense amount of goods was detained on account of the lowness of the water from September to December. An importing house at this place, getting goods from Baltimore, New-York or from Europe direct by way of New-Orleans, and having one or two branch steam boats, drawing not more than from two to two and an half feet water, would make incalculable profits by supplying the country as high as Louisville and up the different tributary streams of the Ohio with merchandize. This town is laid off on a beautiful plain or level extending from the river to the foot of the Curlew Hills, a distance of nearly a mile, and commands a fine view of the Ohio and Saline rivers.

Encouragement to Mechanics to settle in

PALERMO;

Fifty Lots

Will be given gratis in fee simple, (including those given to the acting Commissioners) also the use of pit coal for five years, for fuel, the use of an acre lot for five years for a garden, timber for the interior of a two story house building stone from the Curlew hills, on condition that the grantee build and completely finish in two years, a two story house aforesaid of brick or stone; the same privileges will be extented to purchasers at the first sale, but to no others. The situation is peculiarly well calculated for an industrious and prudent mechanic to realize a fortune in a short time; provisions are remarkably low, wages uncommonly high, and the savings of a few months can at any time be invested in the public lands by crossing over to Illinois, Indiana or Missouri, which will increase annually for years to come from 25 to 30 per cent.

PALERMO

is very healthy, well watered by a number of the purest springs, and at a distance of about eighteen miles are some of the most efficacious *White Sulphur* and *Salt Sulphur Springs* in the Western country, which are much resorted to. At the same time will be leased for a term of years, from

15 to 20 FARMS

Of 75 ACRES each, of as rich lands as the state affords, adjoining the town; and every stick of wood, every fowl, pig, shoat, lamb, mutton, vegetable, pound of butter or pint of milk that the farmer can spare will find a certain and ready market from the steam boats.

The following trades would meet with most encouragement, viz. Brick-makers, Brick layers, Carpenters, Black smiths, Wheelwrights, Coopers, Cabinet makers, Tanners & Curriers, Shoemakers, Hatters and Tailors. None however need apply except such as are masters of their trades and sober and industrious. Any letters directed to the subscriber at Frankfort, Ken. (post paid) will be duly attended to.

Patrick Hendren.

August 12, 1819.——4wcPHFt1stDec.

For Sale,

FOR WHICH BEAVER PAPER WILL BE RECEIVED,

10 Kegs Cavendish Tobacco,

1000 lbs LOGWOOD,
3 barrels English COPPERAS,
20 bags of SHOT,
DEER & RACOON SKINS.

The subscriber will receive other uncurrent paper than Beaver, in payment.

HENRY FULTON,

Pittsburgh, Sept. 14. Wood street.

SHEET IRON.

A FEW TONS OF

Sheet & Boiler Iron,

FOR SALE LOW, FOR CASH,

BY

A. WAY & CO.

Pittsburgh, September 3.—2aw2m

Mallory & Newell,

Auction and Commission Merchants.

CINCINNATI (O.)

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Piatt & Co. Bankers, Cincinnati,
Col. James Morrison, Lexington, Ken.
Messrs. Ormsby & Doane, Pittsburgh,
Thomas C. Wright, Esq. Georgetown, D.C.
George Williams, Esq. Baltimore. Md.

Pittsburgh, September 10.

Bank of the United States.

JULY 14, 1819.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BANK OF THE UNITED STATES,

THAT in pursuance of the thirteenth article of the eleventh section of the Act of Incorporation, a general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at their Banking House, in the city of Philapelphia, on Monday, the first day of November next, at 10 o'clock in the morning.

By order of the Board of Directors,

JONATHAN SMITH,
CASHIER.

Extract from the said thirteenth article.

"Half yearly dividends shall be made of so much of the profits of the bank, as shall appear to the Directors advisable; and once in every three years, the Directors shall lay before the stockholders, at a general meeting for their information, an exact and particular statement of the debts which shall have remained unpaid after the expiration of the original credit, for a period of treble the term of that credit, and of the surplus of the profits, if any, after deducting losses and dividends ——etc."

William Hill & Brothers

Will receive at par for Merchandize, Notes of the following Banks,

DAYTON,
Urbana,
Lebanon,
Cincinnati,
Zanesville Canal Co.
Cleaveland & Canton.

Also most of the Banks of

KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE AND INDIANA.

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1819.——2awtf.

To my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE, that I have applied to the court of Common Pleas of the county of Westmoreland, for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this commonwealth, and the said court have appointed the 3d Monday (18th day) of October next, at the court house in the borough of Greensburgh for hearing me and my creditors, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

WILLIAM MARTIN.

Greensburgh Jail, September 7, 1819.

Domestic Broad Cloths.

Twenty Pieces

Domestic Broad Cloths,

OF SUPERIOR QUALITY,

For sale at the Manufacturer's prices

BY A. WAY & CO.

Market Street

Pittsburgh, Aug 27, 1819.——2aw2m.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS by the 19th section of the first article of the Constitution of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, it is provided—That when vacancies occur in either House, the Speaker shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies: and whereas a vacancy in the Senate has happened by the resignation of Walter Lowrie, Esquire, a Senator from the district composed of the counties of Allegheny, Beaver, Butler and Armstrong: and whereas by a writ issued by the Speaker of the Senate, I am enjoined and required to issue this my proclamation throughout my bailiwick, for holding an election on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, for one SENATOR of this commonwealth in the room and stead of the said Walter Lowrie, resigned. In pursuance of which, I, Lazarus Stewart, Sheriff of the county of Allegheny, do therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of the said county of Allegheny, that an Election will be held at the several election Districts in the said county on the said second Tuesday of October next, for the purpose aforesaid. Given under my hand at Pittsburgh this thirty-first day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the forty fourth.

L. STEWART, Sheriff.

A Most Valuable Estate FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

The Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM STEUBENVILL

A handsome assortment of

EXTRA Superfine and Fine Blue, Black, and mixed

Broad Cloths,

Which they offer for sale by the piece at the Factory prices—for Cash only;

ALSO

COPPERAS,

Of the first quality, by the barrel & half barrel.

An assortment of

Cotton Yarn,

At the Baltimore and Philadelphia prices.

Glass or Sand Paper,

at the same prices.

August 13.——1aw8t

THE

GOOD INTENT INN,

Lately occupied by Mrs. Morrow, at the Sign of the Green Tree, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

Furnished for the accomodation of TRAVELLERS and others.

The subscriber, from his GOOD INTENT and the probity and attention of his servants, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1819.

☞ The Stage Office of the Juniata route is kept at the above Inn.

*** A good, dry CELLAR, 45 feet on Fourth street by 20 back, to rent—Enquire as above.

Charles Postley's Patent COOKING STOVE

OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the Western country, is ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Fox, Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; J. McCoy, Chilicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel Finnary, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Dudley, Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Lee Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSEE, Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, James Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITORY, Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and *Brothers,*

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at the *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE;

Pittsburgh January 1 1819.——tf

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHER.

April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweed & Co